

Name: Key

Standard Thirty: Quiz Eight – Significance Tests – Limitations

Below is a table with many parameters and statistics - fill in the blanks!

Letter	Statistic or Parameter	What does it represent?
n	-----	Sample Size
$\bar{x}$	Statistic	Sample mean
$\mu$	Parameter	Population mean
$\mu_0$	Parameter	Population mean testing value
p	Parameter	Population Proportion
$\hat{p}$	Statistic	Sample Proportion
$p_0$	Parameter	Population Proportion testing value
s	Statistic	Sample Standard Deviation
$s^2$	Statistic	Sample Variance
$\sigma$	Parameter	Population Standard Deviation
$\sigma^2$	Parameter	Population Variance

Standard Five: Quiz Eight – Measures of Center

Let's say Donald J Trump announced that he, astonishingly, has an above average number of arms and legs. Pretend that you are a fact-checker - explain why this particular statement by Mr. Trump would not be classified as false by really good, statistics-loving fact checkers.

There are more people with no or one arm than there are with three arms so the average will be 1.99 or so making his statement technically true. The median and mode, however are 2.

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Standard Twenty-five: Quiz Eight – Confidence Intervals – for Proportions

[http://www.clearfood.com/food\\_reports/2015/the\\_hotdog\\_report](http://www.clearfood.com/food_reports/2015/the_hotdog_report)

n = 345

$$\hat{p} = \frac{3}{345}$$

Clear Food sampled 345 hot dogs from 75 brands and 10 retail locations. Of the sampled hot dogs three contained human DNA. Find a 99% confidence interval for the population proportion of hot dogs that contain human DNA.

- a. Find a 99% confidence interval for the population proportion of hot dogs that contain human DNA.

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{p} &\pm Z_{1-\alpha/2} \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}(1-\hat{p})}{n}} \\ .0087 &\pm 2.58 \sqrt{\frac{.0087(1-.0087)}{345}} \\ (-.0042, .0216) &\end{aligned}$$

- b. Are our assumptions for confidence intervals for the population proportion met?

✗ Random Sample (Needs to be assumed)

✗  $n\hat{p} = 345(.0087) = 3 < 15$

✓  $n(1-\hat{p}) = 345(1-.0087) = 342 > 15$

Not all of our assumptions are met.

- c. Interpret the confidence interval found in part a.

We are 99% confident that the true population proportion of hot dogs w/ human DNA is between -.0042 and .0216 — 0% and 2.16%. We are concerned about this result because our assumptions weren't met.

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**Standard Twenty-seven: Quiz Eight – Confidence Intervals – for Means**

<http://www.gallup.com/poll/156770/majority-drink-alcohol-averaging-four-drinks-week.aspx>

$n=646$

$\bar{x}=4.1$

According to a Gallup poll of 646 American drinkers averaged 4.1 drinks per week. Assuming a standard deviation of 8 drinks, make inference on the population mean number of drinks per week for all American drinkers.

$\sigma_x = 8$

- a. Find a 95% confidence interval for the population mean number of drinks per week for all American drinkers.

$$\bar{X} \pm Z_{1-\alpha/2} \frac{\sigma_x}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$4.1 \pm 1.96 \left( \frac{8}{\sqrt{646}} \right)$$

$$(3.4831, 4.7169)$$

- b. Are our assumptions met?

Random Sample (This needs to be assumed)

$n \geq 30$  or the population is normal.

- c. Interpret the confidence interval found in part a.

We are 95% confident that the true population mean number of drinks per week for all American drinkers is between 3.4831 and 4.7169.